Keynote Conversation

The Pandemic & The Economy

Kimi Watkins-Tartt
Director, Alameda County Public Health Department

Pete Coletto
Finance Director, Alameda County Social Services Agency

Moderator: Deepa Chordiya
Outreach Manager, LIFE Elder Care



PANDEMIC IMPACT AND RESPONSE IN ALAMEDA COUNTY

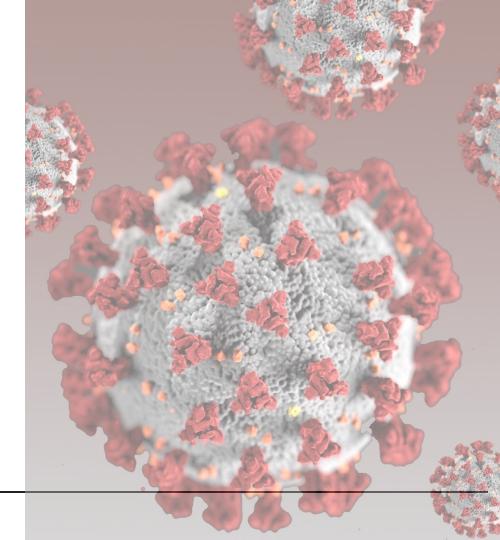
KIMI WATKINS-TARTT

DIRECTOR

ALAMEDA COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH

DEPARTMENT

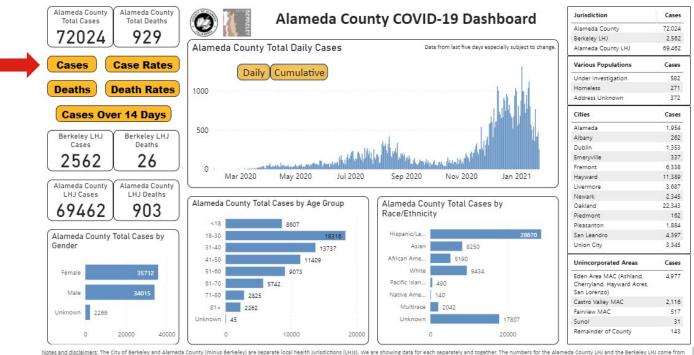
JANUARY 29, 2021



Cases *as of 1/28/21*

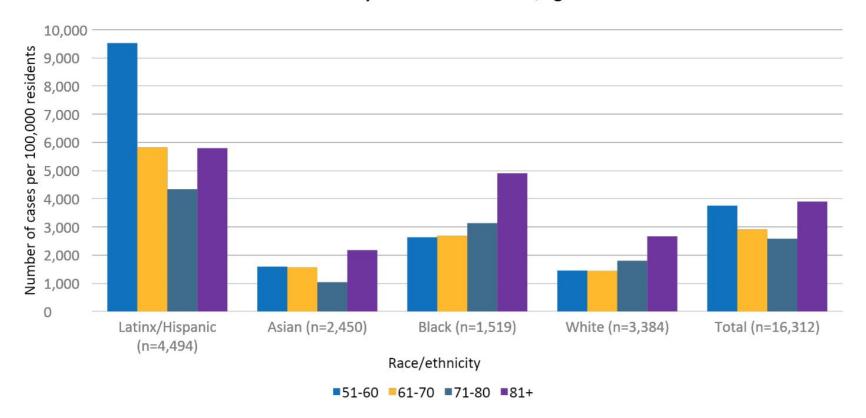
covid-19.acgov.org/data

By Gender, Race/Ethnicity, Age Group, Jurisdiction, and Over Time <u>Mobile version</u>

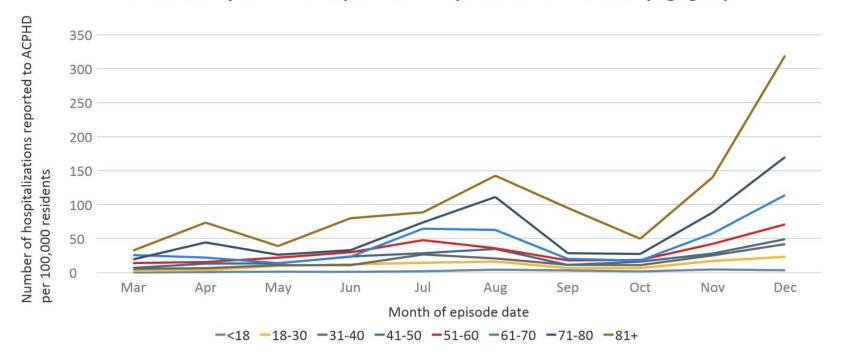


Notes and disclaimers: The City of Berkeley and Alameda County (minus Berkeley) are separate local health jurisdictions (LHJs). We are showing data for each separately and together. The numbers for the Alameda County LHJ and the Berkeley LHJ come from the state's communicable disease tracking database, CalREDIE. These data are updated daily, with case sometimes reassigned to other LHJs and sometimes changed from a suspected to a confirmed case, so confirmed case, as confirmed case, a

Alameda County COVID-19 case rates, ages 51+



Alameda County COVID-19 hospitalizations reported to ACPHD, rates by age group



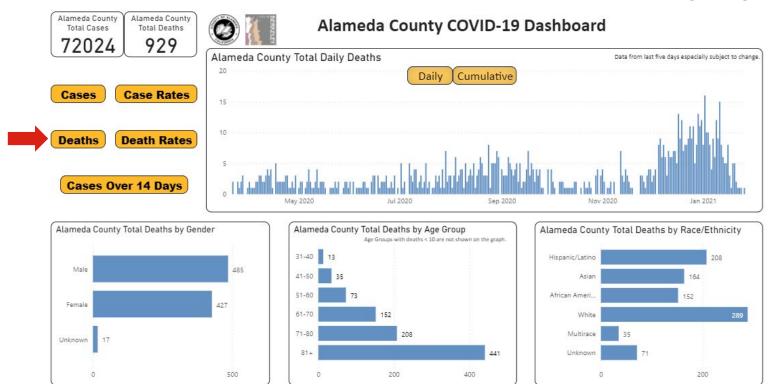
Sources: 1) CalREDIE download January 12, 2021; 2) preliminary CEIP hospitalizations report January 6, 2021

Note: Due to small numbers, rates are unstable for ages <18 in March – July and October, and for ages 18-30 in March and April.



Deaths *as of 1/28/21*

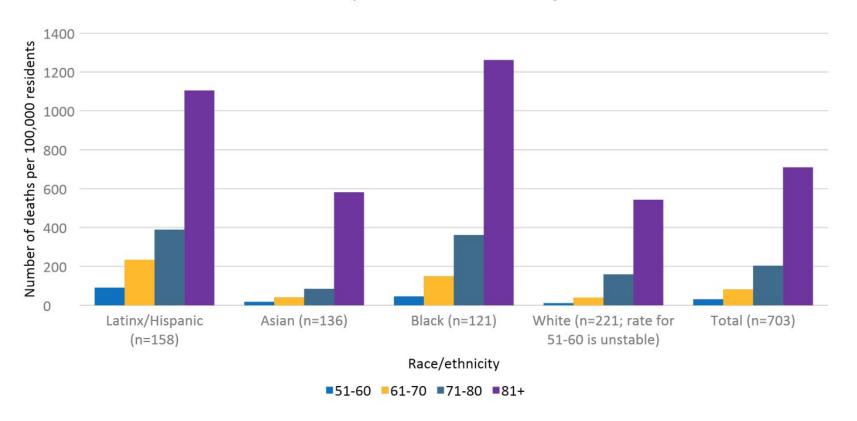
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Alameda County COVID-19 death rates, ages 51+





Long-Term Care Facilities Outbreak Data

LTCF Outbreak Data

Cumulative

Residents: 3,483 cases

Staff: 2,769 cases

Total: 6,252 cases

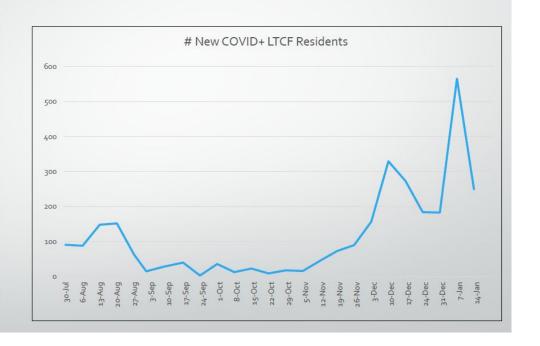
Hospitalized: 523

Deaths: 376

Outbreaks Total: 406

LTCFs with 2 outbreaks: 106

LTCFs with 3 outbreaks: 58

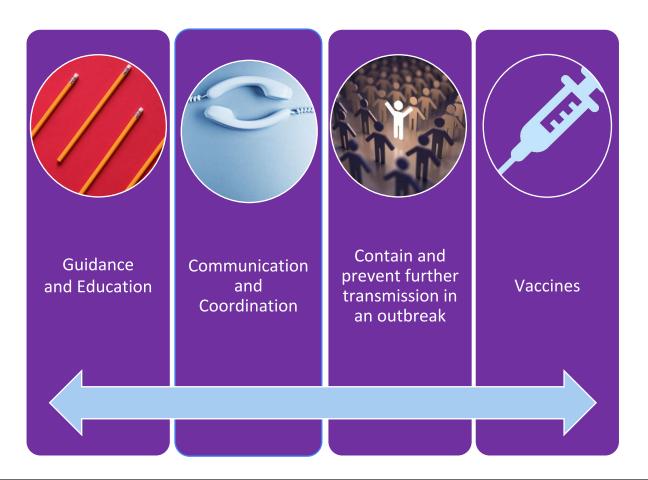


Characteristics of Alameda County Skilled Nursing Facilities and Residents, 2017*

- 47% of SNFs were part of multi-facility firms; 81% were for-profit
- There were 4106 residents in 5817 SNF beds.

Female	58%	Average age	76 yrs
White	42%	Under age 65	22%
Black	27%	Supported by Medi-Cal	67%
Hispanic	9%	Supported by Medicare	12%

*2017 is the last year yet available from Brown University LTCFocus.org



Long-Term Care Facilities Task Force

Health Equity Team







Expanded & Targeted Testing



Vaccine Prioritization Framework as of 1/25/21

Phase 1a -NOW Phase 1b-NEXT Phase 1c Phase 2 Phase 4 **Health Care** Essential Workers Tier 1 Moderate Young Adults · Anvone who did Workers • Ages 65+ Government/ underlying health not access • Children Tier 1 Essential Workers Ops conditions Phases 1, 2 or 3 Workers not Water/Waste/ • Education/Child Hospitals covered in Care Energy/Chemicals **Dialysis** phases 1 or 2 Emergency • Ages 50+ **EMTs** Services Ages 16-49 with Long-Term Care Food/Agriculture underlying health Facilities/Skilled Tier 2 conditions Nursing Essential Workers Tier 2 Transportation/ Community logistics On 1/25/21, Governor Newsom announced that the State will Health Workers • Industrial/ IHSS/Home commercial/ transition to an age-based framework after Phase 1b Tier 1 Health Care Residential/ Sheltering More details to be announced in coming days Primary care, Critical behavioral manufacturing health, & specialty Congregate Settings providers Incarcerated Tier 3 Unhoused **Dentists** (unsheltered) Blood Banks **Pharmacy Staff**

Vaccine Distribution to Older Adults



Health care workers and high-risk settings

- LTCF & RCFE residents & staff
- Home Health Workers
- IHSS providers
- Adult Day Health Center staff
- Hospice providers

VACCINATION GUIDANCE & RESOURCES

General information about COVID-19 vaccine planning and administration







Alameda County Residents

Get notified when it's your turn

Employers

Get notified when it's your turn

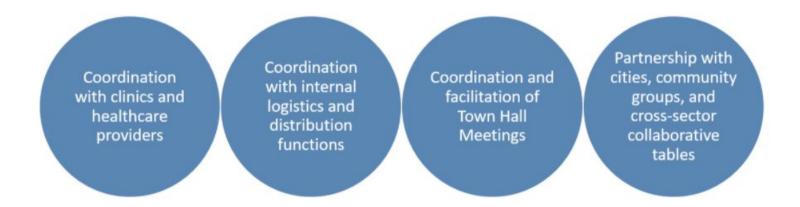
Health Care Providers

Get notified when it's your turn

covid-19.acgov.org/vaccines

Community Engagement

How We Integrate the Community Advisory Group (CAG) Across Vaccine Planning Efforts



covid-19.acgov.org/community-advisory-group

Thank you

Kimi Watkins-Tartt

Director, Alameda County Public Health Department

For Public Health Department information about COVID-19:

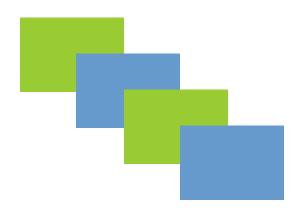
- Call (510) 268-2101
- Email <u>ncov@acgov.org</u>
- Visit <u>covid-19.acgov.org</u>

The Pandemic & The Economy

Pete Coletto

Finance Director

Alameda County Social Service Agency







Agenda

In this discussion we will cover:

- State of the Economy
- State Budget Update
- Older Adult Program Financing
- Pandemic Impacts
- Pending Factors



State of The Economy

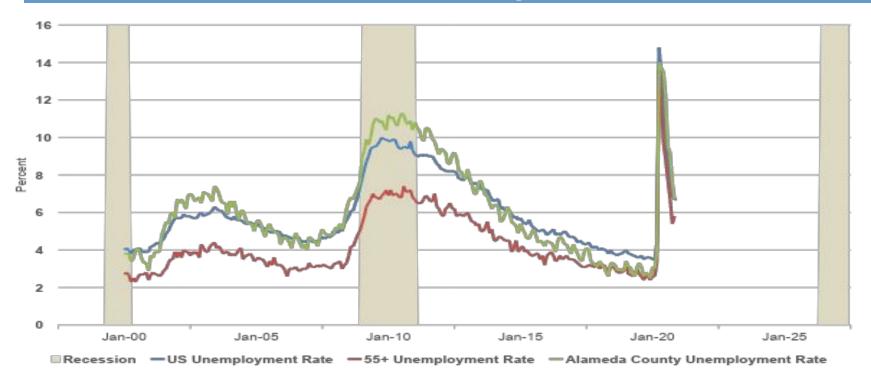
The state of the economy drives both sides of our budget:

- A weak economy increases demand for safety net services.
- Economic activity determines available revenues.

The County's Fiscal Dilemma – We see revenues **decrease** during times when the demand for our services is **highest**. The County's budget must also be balanced.



National & Local Unemployment



Employment recovering, but still not back to pre-pandemic levels. Approximately 2.3 million fewer 55+ Americans are employed in December than were in February.



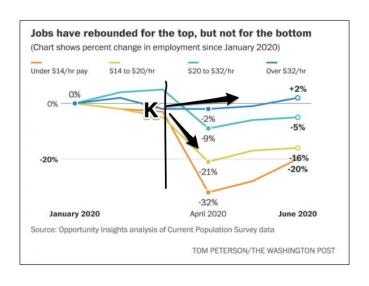
Uneven Economic Recovery

We officially entered a recession in March 2020 due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The 2 most common recoveries from a recession:

- V-Shaped Quick bounce back to pre-recession growth trend (post-dotcom bubble recession)
- U-Shaped Longer, slower recovery (Great Recession)

Many economists think we are in a K-Shaped recovery where employment has rebounded for the top, but not the bottom.



Key Takeaway – Strong demand for safety net services will continue absent a more even recovery.



State Budget Update

On January 8, 2021, Governor Newsom released his initial Proposed Budget.

Revenue recovery, fueled by stock market rally & taxes on wealthier residents who have avoided economic effects of pandemic fueling revenue, allows these key investments:

- Immediate Action Program for economic recovery, school reopening, and \$600 payments for those who make less than \$30k/year (\$5 billion in all).
- Extend eviction moratorium.
- Speed up COVID-19 vaccinations (\$372 million).
- Invest in housing including housing for vulnerable seniors (\$1.75 billion in all).
- CalAIM transform Medi-Cal thru payment reform, prevention, care integration (\$1.1 billion).
- Creation of Office of Medicare Innovation & Integration to among other things support long-term care for vulnerable residents & help people age in place.
- Protect In-Home Supportive Services hours by restoring 7% cut through 2022.
- Create Senior Advisor on Aging, Disability & Alzheimer's & \$5 million placeholder funding to further implement the Master Plan on Aging.

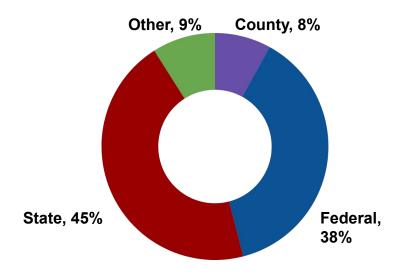
Some considerations:

- State revenues are highly volatile dependence on Personal Income Tax with a large portion of those revenues coming from highly volatile capital gains.
- To mitigate risk, Governor proposes to continue to pay down long-term debt and build reserves.

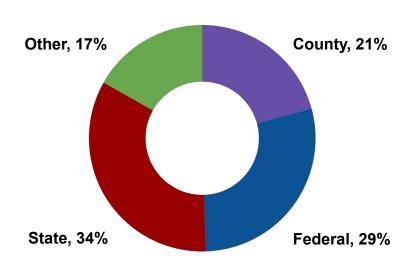


How We Are Financed





Adult & Aging Services Financing



The County as a whole, and the Social Services Agency in particular, are highly dependent on State and Federal funding.



Local Pandemic Response

The County made new investments to address the public health and economic crisis. Some key investments administered by SSA in partnership with other County agencies:

Food Security

- Great Plates Delivered Program
- Countywide Emergency Food Vendor Pool
- Area Agency on Aging Service Augmentations
- Food Distribution Site Support
- Record Number of CalFRESH applications processed

Direct Financial Aid

The Alameda County Responsibility to Community Health (ARCH) Program provided stipend payments to the following groups:

- COVID-19 positive adults without paid sick leave or unemployment insurance
- Transition-age foster youth
- In-Home Supportive Services recipients & providers
- Recipients of Area Agency on Aging Services
- Certain eligible CalWORKs families

Sheltering

- The County procured hotel rooms as a participant in Project RoomKey and Project HomeKey to provide housing for the homeless affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.
- SSA worked in partnership with the Health Care Services Agency to provide home care services to individuals in the hotels as needed.



Pending Factors

Short Term

- COVID-19 Impacts
- Additional Federal Stimulus
- Sales Tax Revenues / Realignment

Medium Term

- In-Home Supportive Services Financing
- Impact of Uneven Recovery on Caseloads

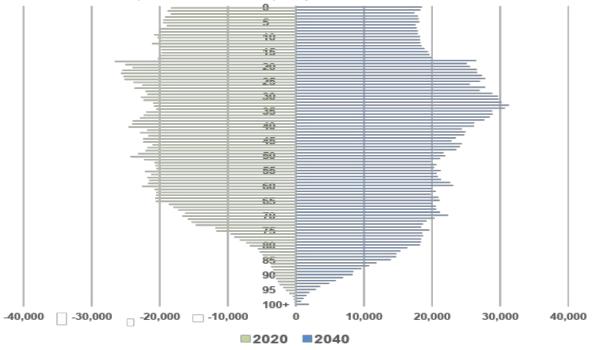
Long Term

- Demographic Changes
- Master Plan for Aging Impacts



Alameda County Demographic Changes

Alameda County Population by Age: 2020 vs 2040 Forecast



The largest forecasted population growth is for the 70+ cohort – this will have an enormous impact on service delivery.





Key Dates

First Quarter 2021

- County Budget Kickoff
- Governor's Initial Budget Proposal
- President Biden takes office
- New Congress seated
- Additional Stimulus Negotiations

Second Quarter 2021

- County Early Budget Work Sessions
- County Budget Work Group Meetings
- May Revision to the Governor's Budget
- State Budget Hearings and Budget Adoption
- County Budget Hearings and Budget Adoption

SENIOR SERVICES COALITION
OF ALAMEDA COUNTY



Type questions in the chat.

MAKING THE DIFFERENCE